



Revolutionary Riots Grip Sweden

WAR CONFERENCES OPEN TODAY

ASSOCIATED PRESS
LEASED WIRE REPORT

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(Show the Colors)

OKLAHOMA CITY, MONDAY, APRIL 23, 1917.

(Fly the Flag)

PRICE IN OKLAHOMA CITY ONE CENT.
ELSEWHERE TWO CENTS.

BRITISH LAUNCH NEW DRIVE TOWARD CAMBRAI

WOMEN SMOKED AND DRANK AT SLUMBER PARTY

Dance Hall Employees Describe
Gatherings.

HOOVERS WERE PRESENT

Injunction Hearing to Close
Sometime Today.

Slumber parties where the women smoked cigarettes and drank liquor were described this morning by Clara Payne and Mrs. Belle Stever in the injunction proceedings against J. A. Hoover, proprietor of the Dreamland dance. They also told of a birthday party held last month where beer was served as refreshments. The mention of the slumber party was brought up by Clara Payne on cross-examination. When asked by County Attorney Selby if she smoked cigarettes, she answered:

"We smoked cigarettes sometimes at slumber parties."

Hoovers Were There.

The witness, an employee at Dreamland hall, also told of a party which she gave one night after the dance hall closed and which lasted until after 3 o'clock in the morning. There were twenty-one guests there, including Mr. and Mrs. Hoover, she said, and beer was served for refreshments.

Mrs. Belle Stever, an employee of Dreamland, testified that she never saw any drinking or gambling in the place and that she never heard any vulgarities. On cross-examination she was asked if she ever drank and replied:

"You know people nowadays always drink a little gin or whiskey before breakfast. Always do."

Mrs. Stever described the party given by Miss Payne and stated that she bought eight gallons of beer for the occasion and that the party lasted until morning.

"Did you ever smoke cigarettes?" she was asked.

"Yes."

"How many?"

"Girls Always Smoked."

"At least one. The girls nearly always smoke cigarettes at slumber parties."

She declared that a "slumber" party and a "breakfast" party were the same. She admitted that she and her husband have been separated for about a year, although they are not divorced.

W. M. Reeves, a plumber, said that he "saw some actions of the dances in the place that I didn't like myself, but I can't say they were immoral."

Mrs. Lucy Lowe, instructor at the place, said she saw people "walk the dog" and "jelly," but that she stopped them.

"Would they stop dancing and sit down?" the county attorney asked.

"No, they would start dancing a decent dance."

"Then 'walk the dog' isn't a decent dance?"

"Well, it doesn't look nice."

Floor Manager Testifies.

Mrs. Pearl McCarty, floor manager at Dreamland, described her duties in that capacity. She admitted seeing people drunk in the place, (including two women) and that she heard vulgarities and saw drinking and rough dancing. She said that whenever anyone was seen doing any of these things they were asked to quit, and if they repeated the offense they were ejected from the hall by an officer. She declared a woman could sit down if she did not care to dance with the man who "tagged" her in the "tag one-step."

"Were women compelled to dance with men who had been drinking?"

"No, women are not compelled to dance with men who have been drinking, but some of them don't object to it."

Although the court had agreed to adjourn this afternoon, Judge Oldfield granted the request of Warren K. Snyder that the case be finished today, as the latter has a case in another city which comes to trial tomorrow. Unless the case is finished this afternoon, a night session will be held, Judge Oldfield said.

Germans Removed From Porto Rico

NEW YORK, April 22.—Twenty-eight officers and members of the former German merchant liners, Odenwald and President arrived here today. They came under guard of members of a Porto Rican regiment and are to be placed with other interned Germans at Ellis Island.

Darcy Joins Aerial Corps of U. S. Army

Australian Pugilist Called
"Slacker" Will Fight for
America.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 23.—Les Darcy, the Australian pugilist who has been unable to engage in any ring battles in this country because he was an alleged "slacker," today enlisted in the reserve aviation corps of the United States army at the Memphis training camp. According to Captain Christie commanding the camp, Darcy passed a perfect physical examination.

SECRETARY VEILS
DEVELOPMENTS IN
TEUTON NATIONS

Reports of Internal Trouble
Accentuated.

Associated Press Review.

A pall of silence has fallen over central Europe, serving to accentuate the reports of grave internal troubles. In spite of the assertions of the German press that the great Berlin strike, which involved at least 300,000 workers is over; there is evidence that the agitation is continuing. The Berlin Tageblatt admits that two of the munitions workers' unions have refused to return to work and says that those who persist in their refusal will be called to the colors.

No News From Austria.

The meager light which sifts through the veil of the German censorship disappears entirely in the case of Austria. Following persistent reports that Count Tisza, premier of Hungary and foremost exponent of the dual monarchy of the German idea, had resigned, all information as to conditions in Vienna or Budapest ceased. The one thing that appears certain is that the socialists and radicals in both empires have recently gotten much closer together and that inflammatory language is being used with an impunity inconceivable in the earlier days of the war.

Demonstrations in Sweden.

In the meantime the revolutionary spirit which is rampant throughout Europe has given a sensational demonstration ostensibly in the cause of the remarkable violence in Stockholm where workers tried to force their way into the parliamentary building. The fact that there were unrebuked shouts for a republic and that the ominous word "revolution" was freely used gives another aspect to the affair. The royal castle is under guard and more serious outbreaks are predicted for May 1.

Cloudy Tonight, Is
Weather Forecast

LOCAL FORECAST—Partly cloudy tonight and Tuesday; not much change in temperature.

STATE FORECAST—Tonight and Tuesday fair weather.

KANSAS—Generally fair and cooler.

ARKANSAS—Fair, warmer in south.

WEST TEXAS—Generally fair.

HOURLY TEMPERATURE

10 p. m. 62

11 p. m. 61

12 midnight 60

1 a. m. 59

2 a. m. 58

3 a. m. 57

4 a. m. 56

5 a. m. 55

6 a. m. 54

7 a. m. 53

8 a. m. 52

9 a. m. 51

10 a. m. 50

11 a. m. 49

12 noon 48

1 p. m. 47

2 p. m. 46

3 p. m. 45

4 p. m. 44

5 p. m. 43

6 p. m. 42

7 p. m. 41

8 p. m. 40

9 p. m. 39

10 p. m. 38

11 p. m. 37

12 midnight 36

1 a. m. 35

2 a. m. 34

3 a. m. 33

4 a. m. 32

5 a. m. 31

6 a. m. 30

7 a. m. 29

8 a. m. 28

9 a. m. 27

10 a. m. 26

11 a. m. 25

12 noon 24

BALFOUR CONFERS WITH WILSON AND STATE SECRETARY

President's Reception of Vis-
itors Unusual.

HALF HOUR CONFERENCE

Officials Talk Freely About
War Plans.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—British Foreign minister Balfour and members of the high commission here to discuss conduct of the war began their first official day in Washington with a round of calls, the first of which was at the state department.

Other Officials Withdraw.

Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, ambassador and Hugh L. Gibson, of the state department, who had been detailed as Mr. Balfour's aid, remained with Secretary Lansing and the British foreign minister only for a short time and then withdrew, leaving the two high officials together.

The conference between Mr. Balfour and Mr. Lansing was not prolonged and at its conclusion the two men left the building to cross over to the White House where the British foreign minister was received by President Wilson.

Extraordinary Reception.

The president's reception of Mr. Balfour was quite extraordinary. While surrounded by all the formality which might be expected at such an occasion the president and the British minister talked freely and at length.

After the formal greetings the president and Mr. Balfour entered the blue room with Secretary Lansing and remained in earnest conversation for more than a half hour. As the party was leaving the White House grounds a wild west show parade was passing with a steam calliope screaming "God Save the King" and the "Marsellaise."

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Experts of the bureau of mines are designing an apparatus to combat noxious gases, which it is declared promises to be superior to any now in use on the European battlefields. Details of the invention, however, are being withheld for obvious reasons.

COLLEGE GLEE CLUB TO SING AT FOOD SHOW

Housewives' Exhibit Opens To-
day; Miss Osborne Lectures.

When the housewives food show at the Auditorium was opened to the public at 1 o'clock today, to be in session all this week, all was in readiness to take care of the large crowds that are expected to be present. Efforts of the organizers of this food show under the direction of Ray Haun of The Oklahoma Times, will be to educate the public in the art of economy in buying and in preparing food for the table.

Features that will be of interest to the general public are a lecture each afternoon by Miss Leno Osborne, supervisor of home economics at the high school, between 2:30 and 4:30, an industrial art exhibit by that department of the high school and a country store exhibit by Oklahoma traveling men.

Miss Osborne will maintain a question box to be placed at the door into which unsigned questions regarding problems of the housewife may be placed. She will answer these questions each day in her lecture. A kitchen, dining room and bedroom on the stage have been furnished. These rooms will be used in a practical demonstration of what is being taught in the home economics department.

After Miss Osborne's lecture which ends at 4:30 o'clock each day, the exhibit will be open for the inspection of the public until 6 o'clock. At 7 o'clock the doors will again be opened.

The Glee club from the University of Oklahoma will be the principal feature of the program which starts at 8:15 o'clock tonight.

Private Marshall Field III Is Taught to Answer 'Here'

Nation's Richest Youth Repri-
manded by Sergeant During
Roll Call of Illinois Cavalry
Troop.

CHICAGO, April 23.—Marshall Field III, who recently enlisted in the First Illinois cavalry today knows how to announce his presence at troop roll call.

The headquarters troops of which he is a member, stood at attention while the first sergeant called the roll.

Answers "Present."

"Private Field," he called.

"Present."

The first sergeant ordered the youthful millionaire to step out of the ranks.

"In the army," he said, "we say 'here,' not 'present,' please remember."

"I beg pardon," began Private Field apologetically.

"You are at attention," shouted the sergeant.

"Here," in meek tone.

Field's hands dropped, his shoulders stiffened.

"Private Field," called the top sergeant.

"Here," the young man answered meekly.

Field was sworn in by Capt. F. K. Schwengel, regimental adjutant. The administering of the oath was caught by a battery of photographers, and Field said he felt as if he already was going into battle. The ceremony completed, the young man, visibly embarrassed by the attention he was attracting, took his place among fifty other recruits.

Objects to Fuss.

"I don't see what all the fuss is about," he said, prior to lining up. "I'm no better than anybody else when it comes to a crisis like this."

Field presented a fine appearance in his uniform. Slender, lithe, and about five feet seven inches tall, he looked very boyish. He is only 23 years old.

TURKISH-AMERICAN BREAK ANNOUNCED

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Official notification of the Turkish government breaking off diplomatic relations with the United States was received today by the state department in a dispatch from American Minister Stovall at Bern, Switzerland.

The communication came from Corneli Tarler, secretary of the American legation at Constantinople, acting for Ambassador Elkus, who is ill. It was sent to the American legation at Bern and forwarded from there to Secretary Lansing.

New Revolution Plotted in Cuba

NEW YORK, April 23.—Circumstances of an alleged plot to stir up a new Cuban revolution, with May 21 fixed as the date for the uprising, were made public here today by the Republic of Cuba News bureau, which said a complaint shortly would be placed before the state department.

The communication came from Corneli Tarler, secretary of the American legation at Constantinople, acting for Ambassador Elkus, who is ill. It was sent to the American legation at Bern and forwarded from there to Secretary Lansing.

NEW YORK, April 23.—Details of a plan to organize the children of the United States to aid in production of crops during the war were made public today by the National Child Labor committee. The plan calls for co-operation of teachers, boy scoutmasters and playground directors.

Boys more than 14 years old would be sent to farms after having been declared fit by physicians and would be allowed to work eight hours a day, six days a week. Younger children would cultivate vacant ground in their home cities under the auspices of adults.

MARSHALL CONTEMPT
ORDER HELD ILLEGAL

WASHINGTON, April 23.—The house of representatives which went out of office March 4 last, the supreme court decided today, did not have authority to punish United States Attorney H. Snowden Marshall of New York for alleged contempt. Mr. Marshall is exempt from further proceedings.

Lincoln's Appeal For Conscription

FOLLOWING is an excerpt from
Abraham Lincoln's appeal in
support of the draft system.

"You who do not like to be soldiers do not like this law. This is natural; nor does it imply want of patriotism. Nothing can be so just and necessary as to make us like it, if it is disagreeable to us. We are prone, too, to find false arguments with which to excuse ourselves for opposing such disagreeable things. In this case those who desire the rebellion to succeed, and others who seek reward in a different way, are very active in accumulating us with this class of argument."

"Wherein is the peculiar hardship now? Shall we shrink from the necessary means to maintain our free government, which our grandfathers employed to establish it and our own fathers have already employed once to maintain it? And we degenerate? Hasten manhood of our race now!"

WOOD AND TOWN
FORMING BULGE
IN LINE TAKEN

New Attack Made on Both
Sides of River Scarpe.

GERMAN MOVE MYSTERIOUS

Transports Leave Libau; Des-
tination Unknown.

Associated Press War Summary.

After a week's interlude, during which they had been busy consolidating the gains of the first week's offensive and bringing up their guns, the British at dawn today began another phase of the operations against the formidable German defense on the front in northern France. General Sir Douglas Haig reports that the forces under his command attacked on a wide front on both sides of the River Scarpe, where a portion of the Hindenburg line forms a barrier defending Cambrai and that they are making satisfactory progress.

Village and Wood Taken.

Further south British troops have captured the remainder of the village of Trescault and occupied the greater part of Havrimont wood, which formed a two-mile bulge in their line. From this point to St. Quentin the line approaches very closely the Cambrai-St. Quentin road.

The British began their great offensive on Monday, a fortnight ago, and the French followed this with their stroke along the Aisne a week ago. The third Monday finds the British again on the move.

A success along the Scarpe not only would threaten the new German line, but would further outflank Lens on the south.

French Holding Back.

Meanwhile the French infantry is being held in check along the Aisne front and in the Champagne by General Nivelle while the work of consolidating the notable gains of the past week is in progress. The artillery is busy, however, and Paris reports the breaking up of German counter attacks at several points, notably east of Craonne on the French salient northeast of Mont Haut, in the Champagne and on the Moronvilliers ridges in the same sector.

A Petrograd news agency today reports the departure from Libau on the Baltic south of the Gulf of Riga, of German transports for an unknown destination.

This may mean that the Germans have begun their threatened operation of making a combined land and sea movement against the Russians by landing on the Gulf of Finland in the rear of the Russian northern fleet, fighting their way inland and cutting off Petrograd.

Turks Abandon
River Position

LONDON, April 23.—The Turks in Mesopotamia have evacuated the Istanbul position on the right bank of the Tigris, ten miles below Samarra, the war office announces. They are now being attacked at a point six miles nearer Samarra.

Oil Regulations
Are Superseded

The recent order by the corporation commission forbidding the shooting of wells in the Haddon field was superseded on the application of Jake L. Hamon today, pending decision by the supreme court on the appeal from the commission which Hamon will take. The superseding applies only to the property of Hamon as other companies have not given notice of appeal.

Hamon gave \$2,500 bond to indemnify owners of adjoining properties for any loss sustained from shooting on his own property. The supreme court will be asked to advance the case on the ground of public policy.

Child Is Killed
by Kick of Horse

ELDORADO, Okla., April 23.—(Special.)—The five-months' old child of J. M. Moore of Altus was killed yesterday by being kicked on the head by a horse at a farm four miles north of Eldorado. H. C. Moore of Eldorado was holding the child in his arms at the time and received a minor injury on the chin. The child's skull was crushed.

BISHOP BROOKE
FOR CONSCRIPTION

ARDMORE, Okla., April 23.—Fishman Francis Key Brooke, Episcopal of Oklahoma City, here today endorsed President Wilson's advocacy of the selective conscription draft. "By this method our industrial efficiency will not be impaired," he said. "The president's plan gives the right man the right kind of work," declared Bishop Brooke.

FLIERS MISSING
AFTER BATTLES
ON WEST FRONT

Sergeants William Dugan and
James MacConnell.

PARIS, April 23.—Sergeant William Dugan, one of the American aviators with the French army, is reported missing. Lieutenant William Thaw says that it is feared Sergeant Dugan was one of the two aviators who were seen to fall during a battle over the German lines.

Sergeant Dugan was 27 years old and was born at Patchogue, Long Island. He enlisted in the foreign legion in September, 1914, and was transferred into the aviation service in October, 1915. He was known as an exceptionally skilled aviator.

Personnel of Corps
Is Changed Rapidly

BY STAFF CORRESPONDENT
OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE BRITISH ARMY, ON THE FRENCH FRONT, April 23.—The disappearance after an aerial engagement of Sergeant James R. MacConnell, the American aviator, calls attention once more to the brilliant work of the Lafayette Squadron, composed entirely of American volunteers, except the two French officers in charge, Captain Georges Thenault and Lieutenant De Legede Meux.

Since its formation last year the squadron, whose official designation is the "N 22," has undergone some changes of personnel. The men, however, are living well up to the traditions of those who have passed through its ranks, some of whom have made the "great sacrifice" for France while others have had to retire owing to wounds or injuries.

By their daring and skill the young Americans have won not only the admiration of their French comrades, but also the wholesome respect of the German airmen opposed to them. Up to date at least thirty enemy machines are known to have fallen victims to the American squadron and it is probable more have been brought down over the German lines, but without certain proof of their destruction no credit is given to the aviator for these.

Many of the members have been decorated with medals and crosses for their exploits in Alsace, around Verdun and on the Somme.

U. S. RECOVERS
LANDS VALUED
AT \$30,000,000

WASHINGTON, April 23.—In deciding the Oregon-California land case today, the supreme court affirmed the Oregon federal court's decree, enjoining the Southern Pacific railroad from disposing of timber and minerals on its lands received by congressional grant.

By the same decision the government won its suit against the Southern Pacific railroad to regain nearly 2,300,000 acres of Oregon and Washington lands worth \$30,000,000.

The Chamberlain-Ferris law of 1916 forfeiting and diverting the railroad's title to the lands granted by congress in 1866 by congress to induce construction of the old Oregon-California railroad of railroad extensions into the then new northwest territory. The old grant fixed this maximum figure at which the grantees should sell to actual settlers. The government alleged gross and continuous violation of the \$250 price restriction, for forty years. It charged that the railroads had sold land for prices greatly in excess of that sum.

Southern Pacific Loses Fight
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Children to Aid
in Crop Campaign

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Coast Trade Ships
Will Be Diverted
to European Work

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Diversions of ships from coastwise to transatlantic trade was discussed today at a conference of a number of heads of steamship lines and railroads with the council of national defense. To the railroad men emphasis was laid on the necessity for rearranging their schedules to accommodate the shipping which would be thrown upon them by withdrawal of coastwise vessels.

Marshall Field Being Sworn Into
Service.

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